

Lucile High
Paris - Mar / 56

D. E. Inghelbrecht



SONATINE

EN TROIS PARTIES

pour Flûte et Harpe ou Piano



A Paris chez **Alphonse Leduc**, *Éditions Musicales, 3, rue de Grammont*

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SONATINE

pour FLÛTE et HARPE (ou Piano)

A Philippe GAUBERT et à Pierre JAMET

D. E. INGHELBRECHT

I

PRÉAMBULE

Calme et modéré (sans lenteur) ♩ = 112 à 120

FLÛTE

HARPE (ou piano)

Calme et modéré (sans lenteur) ♩ = 112 à 120 *p*

p

mf

mf

p *m. g.*

LA ♯

(1) Pour le Piano exécuter une octave au dessus les notes surmontées d'un 0

System 1: Treble clef with a melodic line. Piano accompaniment in the left hand with chords and a bass line. Dynamics include *p*.

System 2: Treble clef with a melodic line. Piano accompaniment in the left hand with chords and a bass line. Dynamics include *p*.

System 3: Treble clef with a melodic line. Piano accompaniment in the left hand with chords and a bass line. Dynamics include *p*. First endings are marked with '1'.

System 4: Treble clef with a melodic line. Piano accompaniment in the left hand with chords and a bass line. Dynamics include *mf* and *f*.

First system of musical notation. It consists of a single treble clef staff and a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The treble staff contains a melodic line with slurs and dynamic markings *mf* and *p*. The grand staff contains a piano accompaniment with chords and moving lines, marked with *mf* and *m.g.* (mezzo-giochi).

Second system of musical notation. It consists of a single treble clef staff and a grand staff. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The grand staff features piano accompaniment with dynamic markings *p* and *p*.

Third system of musical notation. It consists of a single treble clef staff and a grand staff. The treble staff continues the melodic line with dynamic marking *p*. The grand staff features piano accompaniment with dynamic marking *p*.

Fourth system of musical notation. It consists of a single treble clef staff and a grand staff. The treble staff has a melodic line with a boxed '2' above it. The grand staff features piano accompaniment with dynamic marking *pp* and a boxed '2' above it.

p *mf*

mf

p 3

pp

poco ritenuto

cres - cen - do

cres - cen - do *poco ritenuto* *p*

3 *A tempo* *p* 3

3 *A tempo* *p* 3

UT \flat RÉ \flat ————— RÉ \sharp

SI \flat UT \sharp SI \flat

mf *mf*

RÉ \flat RÉ \flat

poco rubato

f *poco rubato*

f *f*

f *f*

f *ff* *f*

poco rubato 4 I^o Tempo (un peu attardé)

mf *p* *p*

4 I^o Tempo (un peu attardé) *pochissimo riten.*

mf *p* MI \flat SOL \flat *p*

A tempo
FA \flat SI \flat LA \flat LA \flat

pp

poco riten. *A tempo*
SI \flat acer: UT \flat LA \flat MI \flat UT \sharp

LA \flat

MI \sharp LA \sharp UT \sharp

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a vocal line at the top and a piano accompaniment below. The vocal line begins with a *p* dynamic and features a melodic line with slurs. The piano accompaniment starts with a *mf* dynamic and includes chordal textures. Chord labels are placed above the piano staff: [SOL# RÉ#] above the first measure, MI b above the second measure, and [LA b RÉ b] above the third measure. The system concludes with a *p* dynamic marking.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the vocal and piano parts. The vocal line maintains a *p* dynamic. The piano accompaniment features a more active bass line with slurs and rests. The system ends with a *p* dynamic marking.

Third system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with a *p* dynamic. The piano accompaniment features a prominent melodic line in the bass register with slurs and a *p* dynamic marking.

Fourth system of musical notation, the final system on the page. It includes a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line has a *p* dynamic and includes a measure with a circled number '6'. The piano accompaniment also has a *p* dynamic and includes a measure with a circled number '6'. Chord labels are present: [LA b RÉ b] and [SOL#] in the first measure, [SOL b UT b] and [LA b RÉ b] in the second measure, and [LA b RÉ b] in the third measure. The system concludes with a *p* dynamic marking.

First system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a *mf* dynamic and features a melodic line with a *f* dynamic section. The lower staff (piano accompaniment) starts with *mf* and includes a *f* section. The system concludes with a 3/8 time signature.

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff has a *mf* dynamic followed by a *p* dynamic section. The lower staff also has a *mf* dynamic followed by a *p* dynamic section. Both staves include a boxed number '7' above the staff. The system concludes with a 3/8 time signature.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a *p* dynamic. The lower staff also begins with a *p* dynamic. The system concludes with a 3/8 time signature.

Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a *p* dynamic. The lower staff begins with a *pp* dynamic. The system includes a section with the lyrics "RÉ^b UT[♯] FA^b MI^b" above the staff and "SI[♯] MI[♯] RÉ[♯]" below the staff. A *poco* dynamic marking is present. The system concludes with a 3/8 time signature.

(1) Pour le Piano exécuter une octave au dessus les notes surmontées d'un 0
A.L. 16.052

Musical notation at the bottom right of the page, including a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 3/8 time signature. It features a melodic line with notes marked with a circled '0' above them, indicating an octave shift.

II

SICILIENNE

FLÛTE

Andantino (♩ = 120)

p

HARPE
(ou piano)

Andantino (♩ = 120)

p

meno p

mf

p

mf

p

poco

p

meno p

mf

LA^b FA^b
RÉ^b

MI^b p
SI^b

dim.

9

9

mp

pp

p

mp *cres* - - - *cen* -

pp *cres* - - - *cen* -

p *cres* - - - *cen* -

f *do* *di* - - - *mi* - -

f *do* *di* - - - *mi* - - *nuen* - *do*

nuen - - - *do*

6 8 6 8 9 8 9 8

10 *mp*

10 *p*

p

p

poco

senza cresc.

MI ♭

accer: [FA#
UT#]

accer: [SOL#
RE#] SI ♭ LA ♭

meno p

meno p

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a single treble clef staff at the top, and a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) below. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The first staff begins with a dynamic marking of *mf* and ends with *p*. The grand staff begins with *mf* and ends with *p*. The music features a melodic line in the top staff and a complex accompaniment in the grand staff.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a single treble clef staff at the top, and a grand staff (bass and treble clefs) below. The key signature has three sharps. The first staff contains a few notes and rests, with a boxed number **11** above it. The grand staff begins with a boxed number **11** above the first measure. The music continues with a melodic line in the top staff and accompaniment in the grand staff.

Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a single treble clef staff at the top, and a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) below. The key signature has three sharps. The first staff begins with a dynamic marking of *p*. The music features a melodic line in the top staff and accompaniment in the grand staff.

Fourth system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a single treble clef staff at the top, and a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) below. The key signature has three sharps. The first staff begins with a dynamic marking of *meno p* and ends with *mp*. The grand staff begins with *piu p* and ends with *mp*. The music features a melodic line in the top staff and accompaniment in the grand staff.

12

accr: [UT]
[FA]

SOL

[MI]
[LA]

RE

UT

FA

pp

(1) 0

(1) Pour le Piano exécuter une octave au dessus les notes sautées d'un 0

III RONDES

Mouv^t de la Sicilienne
(poco più lento) ♩ = 69

Vivace ♩ = 208

FLÛTE

p *poco sfp* *cres*

Mouv^t de la Sicilienne
(poco più lento) ♩ = 69

Vivace ♩ = 208

HARPE
(ou piano)

p *cres*

tr
- cen - do *mf*

tr
- cen - do *p*

tr
- cen - do *p*

(1) Pour le Piano exécuter une octave au dessus les notes surmontées d'un 0

♩ = 192 13

f

MI♭	SI♭
LA♭	

f

ff

8

RE#
FA#

Harpe

ff

Piano

f

mf

rapide 10 *simile* 9

mf *p*

14 14

MI SI SOL LA RÉ

p *pp* *sans sécheresse*

mp *mp* *mp* *mf*

mp *mp* *mp*

pp

mf *f*

mf *f* *sonore (sans sécheresse)* *sf* *ff*

f *ff*

First system of musical notation. It consists of a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The piano part features dynamic markings of *f* and *sf*.

Second system of musical notation. It includes a vocal line with a measure rest of 15 and a piano accompaniment. The piano part has dynamic markings of *sf* and *f*. A circled '1' is present in the piano part.

Third system of musical notation. It features a vocal line with lyrics "per - den - do" and a piano accompaniment. The piano part includes dynamic markings of *mf* and *mp*. A circled '2' is present in the piano part.

Fourth system of musical notation. It includes a vocal line with lyrics "do - si" and a piano accompaniment. The piano part has dynamic markings of *p* and *sf*. It includes a tempo marking "♩ = 160 à 144" and a circled '16'. Below the piano part, there are chord diagrams for *LA^b SI^b* and *RE^b MI^b*, and the text "SOL^b FA^b".

(1) Les petites notes peuvent être supprimées à la Harpe

(2) Pour le Piano exécuter une octave au dessus les notes surmontées d'un 0

First system of musical notation. It consists of a vocal line on a single staff and a piano accompaniment on two staves (treble and bass clef). The key signature has one sharp (F#). The vocal line begins with a *p* dynamic marking. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note accompaniment in the right hand and a more active bass line in the left hand. A chord symbol "FA#" is visible in the right hand of the piano part.

Second system of musical notation, divided into three systems. The top system contains a vocal line and piano accompaniment, with a *p* dynamic marking and a chord symbol "FA". The middle system is labeled "Harpe" and features a prominent glissando effect, with a *p* dynamic marking. The bottom system is labeled "Piano" and continues the piano accompaniment. The key signature remains one sharp.

Third system of musical notation, divided into two systems. The top system contains a vocal line with lyrics "FA# UT SI" and "RE# LA", and a piano accompaniment. A *glissando* effect is indicated in the piano part. The bottom system continues the piano accompaniment. The key signature remains one sharp.

17 $\text{♩} = 160$ *pp* *pp*

SI \flat
LA \flat

17 $\text{♩} = 160$ [UT \natural
RÉ \flat] LA \flat

Harpe

Piano

pp *p* *p*

FA \natural près de la table

p *p* *mf* *f* *f*

RÉ \flat (SOL \flat) (LA \flat) acer: FA \sharp

f son naturel *sf*

f *f* *ff*

acc: SOL # LA b UT #

[MI b
UT b]

sf *sf* *sf* *ff*

ff *ff* di - mi -

18 ♩ = 176

FA b SOL b UT # SI b

18 ♩ = 176

ff *mf* *ff*

nue - do p

mf *mp* *mf* di mi - nue - do

p *mf*

♩ = 176 à 192

mp *mf*

♩ = 176 à 192

19 *f* *ff* *ff* =176 =176

19 MI^b SI^b LA^b RÉ^b SOL^b FA[♮]

7 6

FA^b UT^b LA[♮]

5 5

SOL^b SI^b MI^b RÉ[♯] UT[♯]

Harpe *glissando* *ff sempre*

Piano *ff sempre*

6 6

20

ff ff

UT# FA# SIb REb SOLb UT# FA#

ff sff sff mf

5/4 5/4

Vif $\text{♩} = 208$

rapide

ff

8

Vif $\text{♩} = 208$

UT# REb

ff ff ff

5/4 2/4 5/4

fff

fff

Harpe ff

fff

Piano ff

fff

fff

SONATINE

pour FLÛTE et HARPE (ou Piano)

A Philippe GAUBERT et à Pierre JAMET

D. E. INGHELBRECHT

I

PRÉAMBULE

Calme et modéré (sans lenteur) $\text{♩} = 112 \text{ à } 120$

FLÛTE

HPe

FL.

p

mf

p

p

1 HPe

mf *f*

mf *p*

p

2

HPe

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MADE IN FRANCE

FL. *mf* *p*

cres - cen -

poco rit. **3** *A tempo* *p*

do *mf*

f poco rubato *f*

poco rubato **4** *I? Tempo (un peu attardé)* *mf* *p*

FL. *p* *pochiss. rit.* *A tempo* *p* FL. *b*

poco riten. *A tempo*

5

p *mf*

p

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is written for Flute (FL.) and Harp (Hpe). It consists of ten systems of music. The first system shows the flute playing a melodic line with dynamics *mf* and *p*, while the harp provides accompaniment. The second system features a crescendo marking *cres - cen -*. The third system includes a *poco rit.* marking, a measure number **3**, and a tempo change to *A tempo*. The fourth system has a *do* marking and a dynamic of *p*. The fifth system is marked *f poco rubato* and *f*. The sixth system has a *poco rubato* marking, a measure number **4**, and a tempo marking *I? Tempo (un peu attardé)*. The seventh system includes a *pochiss. rit.* marking, a tempo change to *A tempo*, and a dynamic of *p*. The eighth system has a *poco riten.* marking and a tempo of *A tempo*. The ninth system is marked with a measure number **5**. The tenth system shows dynamics of *p* and *mf*. The score concludes with a final *p* dynamic.

6 HPe

mf f

7

mf p

p

p

HPe

II SICILIENNE

Andantino ♩ = 120

FLÛTE

p

meno p

mf

p

8

HPe

FL.

p

meno p

p

9

HPE FL

mp

mp *cres* - - - *cen* - - - *do* *f* *di* - *mi* -

10

HPE FL

p *mp*

p *meno p* *mf*

nuen - *do*

11

HPE FL

p *meno p* *mp*

12

HPE FL

p

III RONDES

Mouv^t de la Sicilienne
(poco più lento) ♩ = 69

Vivace ♩ = 208

FLÛTE

p *poco sf p* *cres*

HPc

do *mf*

p

13 *f* ♩ = 192

14 *f*

f *ff* HPc glissando

FL. *mf* *rapide* *p* *simile*

FL. *mp*

mp *mf* ♩ = 176

f

f

15 *ff* *f* *mf*

mp per den do si

16 ♩ = 160 à 144 Hpe

FL. *p* Hpe (glissando)

(glissando) *p*

17 ♩ = 160 *pp* (glissando) *pp*

pp *p* *p* *p*

mf *f* *f* *f*

ff *ff*

18

♩ = 176

tr *ff* di - mi - nuen - do *p*

HPe

♩ = 176 à 192

19

tr *p* *mf* *f* *ff*

♩ = 176

ff

5

5

20

FL.

8

5

HPe glissando.

ff *ff*

16

8

rapide

Vif ♩ = 208

ff

HPe

fff *fff*

8

HPe

